

US1723 - Negotiation

Présentation

Prérequis

- Bachelor's Degree holder or equivalent
- 3 years of professional experience
- Proficiency in English: (TOEFL IBT 90 or IELTS: 6.5 or TOEIC 800)
- There are no technical requirements but soft skills requirements: 1. curiosity, openness and appetite for connecting together a variety of factors pertaining to negotiation 2. capacity to develop a structured and critical thinking 3. teamwork capacities

Objectifs pédagogiques

Today's managers are constantly confronted with intra or inter-company negotiations. And major companies are becoming more and more complicated to understand knowing that negotiations are omnipresent. There isn't a day where managers don't have to negotiate either for signing contracts, managing conflicts or for persuading his teams as well as his hierarchy.

Negotiating is cooperating, making concessions or consensus, managing the balance of power, managing conflicts... These skills are necessary to all managers. Is the negotiator able to understand the interests of the different parties? Is he using all the available elements to make a realistic analysis of the different parties such as relationship network maps? Is he able to efficiently communicate with the other parties while keeping a professional approach? Is he ready to use social psychology or rhetorical and persuasion tools to reach his goals? Has he correctly analyzed the risks and the alternatives? Is he able to go beyond the obstacles of all kinds (strategic, psychological...) in order to reach win-win negotiation? And finally, when he is about to sign a contract, did he make sure it was fulfilling his interests and that the engagements taken will have the ability to last in time?

Course objectives

- Teach students to efficiently prepare their negotiation in an intercultural context
- Show that negotiation belongs to the vast domain of communication and human sciences thanks to social psychology and economic intelligence.
- Enable students to understand how the balance of power can affect negotiations and how they can manage it.
- Elaborate complexes strategies and diverse scenarios before each negotiation.
- Learning how to manage conflict while being part of it, as well as being a mediator.

Compétences

Ten expected learning outcomes

1. Recognize the importance of the negotiation
2. Adequately address negotiation as a social communication process
3. Develop a comprehensive and relevant analysis of the negotiation's environment including between other things, the interests and best alternatives to negotiation of the various stakeholders
4. Consider cultural as well as individual / psychological factors
5. Utilize the role of information and communication decision making
6. Develop a convincing / persuasive argumentation
7. Transform when possible distributive negotiations into integrative ones
8. In the case of N party negotiations ($N > 2$) analyze the effect of coalitions
9. Anticipate the impact of third-parties and take decisions accordingly

Mis à jour le 11-03-2025



Code : US1723

Unité spécifique de type cours

3 crédits

Responsabilité nationale :

EPN15 - Stratégies / Jean-Michel RAICOVITCH

Contact national :

EPN 15 Stratégies - IIM

2 rue conté

75003 Paris

01 40 27 26 36

Emmanuelle Rochefort

emmanuelle.rochefort@lecnam.net

10. Apply efficiently the available decision making tools

Programme

Contenu

- The negotiation issues – the major tensions in negotiations: Cooperation/competition, empathy/Assertiveness, Principle/Agent, Time pressure
- Preparing a negotiation: Who are the main actors? How to draw their profiles, how can I efficiently use what I know of them?
- Economic intelligence: Information gathering and Information analysis
- Chessboards and matrix
- Economic intelligence: chest theory, how to draw a relationship network map?
- Multilateral negotiation: the balance of power in a negotiation –alliances and coalitions, how to face up to the opponents?
- Multilateral negotiation: Power and Coalition Manipulation and influence
- Negotiations in a crisis environment: How to deal with nervous and emotional people?
- Distributive negotiations: Creating Value, vs Distributing value
- Negotiation in a crisis environment: what are the tools used by special forces to free hostages in case of Extreme negotiations

Modalités de validation

- Contrôle continu
- Projet(s)

Bibliographie

Titre	Auteur(s)
The SAGE Handbook of Conflict Resolution, SAGE Publications, 2008	Berkovitch, Kremenyuk, Zartman
The Psychology of persuasion, Harper Business, 2006	Cialdini
Beyond Machiavelli: Tools for Coping with Conflict (Penguin, 1996)	Fisher et. al